

CORRECTION

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# Correction to: Exposure to arsenic in utero is associated with various types of DNA damage and micronuclei in newborns: a birth cohort study

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## Correction to: Environ Health

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Following publication of the original article [1], the author reported that incorrect version of Tables 1, 3, 5 and 6 were published.

The corrected Tables are as follows:

The original article has been corrected.

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### Reference

1. Navasumrit, et al. Environ Health. 2019;18:51.

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**Table 1** Demographic characteristics of mothers and infant birth outcomes in Vietnamese pregnancy cohort

Variables	All (n = 205)	Maternal arsenic exposure by toenail As			p-value <sup>a</sup>
		Low (< 0.5 µg/g) (n = 82)	Medium (0.5–1 µg/g) (n = 57)	High (> 1 µg/g) (n = 66)	
Pregnancy BMI ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^2$ ) (mean $\pm$ SD)	21.7 $\pm$ 2.2	21.5 $\pm$ 2.2	21.5 $\pm$ 2.3	22.2 $\pm$ 2.1	0.064
Maternal age (years) (mean $\pm$ SD)	26.6 $\pm$ 4.1	27.1 $\pm$ 4.3	25.7 $\pm$ 3.4	26.8 $\pm$ 4.3	0.184
Residential area (As in drinking water) [n (%)] <sup>b</sup>					<b>0.000</b>
Ba Sao (0.64 µg/L)	31 (15.1)	18 (22.0)	10 (17.5)	3 (4.5)	
Kha Phong (0.60 µg/L)	3 (1.5)	1 (1.2)	0	2 (3.0)	
Thi Son (1.64 µg/L)	66 (32.2)	48 (58.5)	10 (17.5)	8 (12.1)	
Hoang Tay (65.7 µg/L)	30 (14.6)	6 (7.3)	11 (19.3)	13 (19.7)	
Nhant Tan (61.7 µg/L)	67 (32.7)	4 (4.9)	23 (40.4)	40 (60.6)	
Van Xa (27.2 µg/L)	8 (3.9)	5 (6.1)	3 (5.3)	0	
Education level [n (%)]					<b>0.019</b>
Elementary school	15 (7.3)	2 (2.4)	3 (5.3)	10 (15.2)	
Secondary school	135 (65.9)	51 (62.2)	44 (77.2)	40 (60.6)	
Diploma	40 (19.5)	20 (24.4)	7 (12.3)	13 (19.7)	
College graduate	15 (7.3)	9 (11.0)	3 (5.3)	3 (4.5)	
Maternal occupation [n (%)]					0.074
Housewife	32 (15.6)	10 (12.2)	9 (15.8)	13 (19.7)	
Agricultural worker	91 (44.4)	31 (37.8)	26 (45.6)	34 (51.5)	
Factory worker	44 (21.5)	18 (22.0)	11 (19.3)	15 (22.7)	
Employee	30 (14.6)	18 (22.0)	10 (17.5)	2 (3.0)	
Vendor	8 (3.9)	5 (6.1)	1 (1.8)	2 (3.0)	
Parity [n (%)]					0.477
1 person	75 (36.6)	32 (39.0)	21 (36.8)	22 (33.3)	
2 persons	100 (48.8)	41 (50.0)	30 (52.6)	29 (43.9)	
3 persons	25 (12.2)	8 (9.8)	5 (8.8)	12 (18.2)	
$\geq 4$ persons	5 (2.4)	1 (1.2)	1 (1.8)	3 (4.5)	
Antenatal care services [n (%)]					0.464
Province clinic hospital	20 (9.8)	9 (11.0)	7 (12.3)	4 (6.1)	
District clinic hospital	23 (11.2)	11 (13.4)	8 (14.0)	4 (6.1)	
Health center of commune	21 (10.2)	9 (11.0)	7 (12.3)	5 (7.6)	
Private medical center	125 (61.0)	48 (58.5)	32 (56.1)	45 (68.2)	
Not having antenatal care	16 (7.8)	5 (6.1)	3 (5.3)	8 (12.1)	
Complications during pregnancy [n (%)]					0.683
No	189 (92.2)	74 (90.2)	53 (93.0)	62 (93.9)	
Yes	16 (7.8)	8 (9.8)	4 (7.0)	4 (6.0)	
History of miscarriage [n (%)]					0.409
Never	175 (85.4)	71 (86.6)	52 (91.2)	52 (78.8)	
1 time	23 (11.2)	7 (8.5)	5 (8.8)	11 (16.7)	
2 times	4 (2.0)	2 (2.4)	0	2 (3.0)	
$\geq 3$ times	3 (1.5)	2 (2.4)	0	1 (1.5)	
Urinary Cotinine ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{mmol}$ creatinine)					
Median (range)	nd (nd-8.03)	nd	nd (nd-8.03)	nd	
Infant birth outcomes					
Gender					0.220
Male [n (%)]	109 (53.7)	45 (54.9)	30 (53.6)	34 (52.3)	
Female [n (%)]	94 (46.3)	37 (45.1)	26 (46.4)	31 (47.7)	
Birth length (cm) (mean $\pm$ SD)	49.8 $\pm$ 2.2	50.4 $\pm$ 2.0	49.1 $\pm$ 2.8	49.8 $\pm$ 1.4	<b>0.001</b>
Birth weight (kg) (mean $\pm$ SD)	3.1 $\pm$ 0.8	3.2 $\pm$ 0.8	3.0 $\pm$ 0.8	3.0 $\pm$ 0.8	0.154
Head circumference (cm) (mean $\pm$ SD)	32.2 $\pm$ 2.7	31.9 $\pm$ 2.1	32.6 $\pm$ 4.0	32.2 $\pm$ 1.8	0.336

<sup>a</sup>Statistically significant difference among groups at  $p < 0.05$  by One-way ANOVA are highlighted in bold<sup>b</sup>Mean arsenic concentrations in drinking water obtained from Do et al., 2013 [5]

**Table 3** DNA damage in cord blood of newborns exposed to arsenic *in utero*

Types of DNA damage	Maternal arsenic exposure by toenail As			FDR-adjusted p-value <sup>a</sup>
	Low (< 0.5 µg/g)	Medium (0.5-1 µg/g)	High (> 1 µg/g)	
8-OHdG (ng/mL)	0.24±0.01 <sup>b</sup> (n=81)	0.26±0.01 (n=52)	0.28±0.01 <sup>**</sup> (n=61)	<b>0.010</b>
8-Nitroguanine (ng/mL)	157.66±13.85 (n=78)	183.21±17.90 (n=53)	229.94±23.34 <sup>*</sup> (n=58)	<b>0.032</b>
DNA strand breaks				
Tail length (µm)	2.37±0.08 (n=73)	2.81±0.10 <sup>**</sup> (n=48)	3.04±0.09 <sup>***</sup> (n=54)	<b>0.000</b>
Olive tail moment (µm) <sup>d</sup>	0.20±0.01 (n=73)	0.24±0.01 <sup>**</sup> (n=48)	0.27±0.01 <sup>***</sup> (n=54)	<b>0.000</b>
%DNA in tail	1.36±0.06 (n=73)	1.62±0.08 <sup>*</sup> (n=48)	1.94±0.10 <sup>***</sup> , <sup>##</sup> (n=54)	<b>0.000</b>
	1.28 (0.53-3.00) (n=73)	1.51 (0.37-2.88) (n=48)	1.82 (0.48-4.05) (n=54)	

<sup>a</sup>The raw p-values were subjected to multiple testing correction using FDR-adjusted p-value; Statistically significant difference among groups at p < 0.05 by One-way ANOVA are highlighted in bold

<sup>b</sup>, <sup>c</sup> Values are expressed as mean ± SE (b) and Median (minimum - maximum) (c)

<sup>\*</sup>, <sup>\*\*</sup>, <sup>\*\*\*</sup> Statistically significant difference from corresponding low-exposed group at p < 0.05, < 0.01 and < 0.001, respectively by Mann-Whitney U test

<sup>##</sup> Statistically significant difference from corresponding medium-exposed group at p < 0.01 by Mann-Whitney U test

<sup>d</sup> Olive tail moment is the product of the tail length and the fraction of total DNA in the tail.

**Table 5** Univariate analysis of associations among the study parameters

	Coefficient β (95% CI)	DNA strand breaks			%DNA in tail	Micronucleus frequency	Arsenic concentration
	DNA base damage	8-OHdG	8-nitro guanine	Tail length	Olive tail moment	Mono nucleated	Bi nucleated
<i>Arsenic exposure</i>							
Maternal toenail	0.068 ** (0.023,0.133)	0.244 * (0.078,0.410)	0.112 *** (0.056,0.168)	0.083 * (0.017,0.149)	0.131 ** (0.056,0.207)	0.698 ** (0.272,1.124)	-0.045 (-0.167,0.077)
Maternal urine							0.225 *** (0.113,0.336)
Total As	0.003 (-0.054,0.061)	-0.017 (-0.229,0.196)	0.058 (-0.014,0.129)	0.135 ** (0.051,0.220)	0.100 * (0.004,0.197)	0.378 (-0.166,0.922)	0.128 (-0.028,0.084)
iAs	-0.021 (-0.079,0.037)	0.155 (-0.060,0.371)	-0.009 (-0.081,0.064)	0.043 (-0.043,0.129)	0.02 (-0.078,0.118)	-0.085 (-0.637,0.468)	0.051 (-0.107,0.209)
MMA	0.019 (-0.039,0.077)	0.141 (-0.075,0.356)	0.010 (-0.063,0.082)	0.047 (-0.039,0.133)	0.039 (-0.059,0.137)	0.496 (-0.056,1.048)	0.115 (-0.043,0.273)
DMA	-0.01 (-0.075,0.055)	-0.238 (-0.475,0.003)	0.011 (-0.070,0.092)	-0.057 (-0.153,0.039)	-0.025 (-0.135,0.084)	-0.146 (-0.763,0.470)	-0.070 (-0.257,0.043)
Cord blood	-0.056 (-0.135,0.023)	-0.086 (-0.379,0.206)	0.192 *** (0.094,0.290)	0.256 *** (-0.070,1.040)	0.244 *** (0.140,0.373)	0.456 (0.111,0.377)	0.774 *** (-0.292,1.204)
<i>DNA damage</i>							
8-OHdG	0.025 (-0.021,0.071)	0.082 (-0.083,0.247)	-0.119 (-0.356,0.119)	0.040 (-0.148,0.229)	0.016 (-0.007,0.038)	-0.035 (-0.096,0.026)	
8-nitroguanine	0.043 (-0.563,0.649)	0.170 (-0.700,1.040)	0.459 (-0.226,1.144)	-0.008 (-0.091,0.075)	-0.063 (-0.286,0.160)		
<i>DNA strand breaks</i>							
Tail length				0.432 *** (0.201,0.663)	0.063 (-0.128,0.255)	0.002 (-0.021,0.026)	0.064 * (0.003,0.125)
Olive tail moment				0.574 *** (0.482,0.666)	0.033 *** (0.018,0.048)	0.008 (-0.035,0.051)	
%DNA in tail				0.003 (-0.018,0.023)	0.019 (-0.036,0.074)		

\* \*\*\* Statistically significant association at  $p < 0.05$ ,  $p < 0.01$  and  $p < 0.001$ , respectively

β represents standardized coefficient 95% CI represents 95% confidence interval (CI)

Olive tail moment is the product of the tail length and the fraction of total DNA in the tail

**Table 6** Multivariate regression analyses between arsenic exposure and early genotoxic effects in newborns

	Coefficient β [adjusted p-value] (95%CI)						
	DNA base damage		DNA strand breaks			Micronucleus frequency	
	8-OHdG	8-Nitroguanine	Tail Length	Olive Mom.	%DNA in tail	Mononucleated	Binucleated
Toenail As (μg/L)	0.234 <b>[0.010]</b> (0.089, 0.379)	0.210 <b>[0.031]</b> (0.064, 0.356)	0.360 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.221, 0.499)	0.192 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.045, 0.339)	0.273 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.124, 0.422)	0.325 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.177, 0.472)	-0.029 [0.958] (-0.175, 0.118)
Urinary Total As (μg/g creatinine)	0.003 [0.974] (-0.153, 0.158)	-0.063 [0.518] (-0.219, 0.094)	0.142 [0.140] (-0.001, 0.285)	0.232 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.089, 0.376)	0.165 [0.073] (0.020, 0.310)	0.100 [0.220] (-0.056, 0.256)	0.090 [0.146] (-0.052, 0.232)
Urinary iAs (μg/L)	-0.038 [0.974] (-0.183, 0.107)	0.109 [0.423] (-0.037, 0.255)	0.021 [0.781] (-0.114, 0.156)	0.093 [0.112] (-0.042, 0.228)	0.060 [0.359] (-0.077, 0.197)	-0.034 [0.339] (-0.213, 0.144)	0.050 [0.146] (-0.119, 0.219)
Urinary MMA (μg/L)	0.012 [0.974] (-0.137, 0.161)	0.076 [0.518] (-0.074, 0.226)	0.054 [0.538] (-0.085, 0.192)	0.087 <b>[0.027]</b> (-0.052, 0.226)	0.073 [0.268] (-0.068, 0.214)	0.163 [0.091] (0.016, 0.311)	0.153 [0.114] (0.011, 0.295)
Urinary DMA (μg/L)	-0.006 [0.974] (-0.155, 0.143)	-0.060 [0.518] (-0.209, -0.090)	0.085 [0.538] (-0.053, 0.223)	0.003 [0.056] (-0.148, 0.153)	0.029 [0.375] (-0.123, 0.181)	-0.012 [0.255] (-0.208, 0.183)	-0.011 [0.227] (-0.199, 0.177)
Cord blood (μg/L)	-0.105 [0.503] (-0.254, 0.044)	-0.026 [0.732] (-0.177, 0.125)	0.270 [0.001] (0.131, 0.409)	0.316 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.178, 0.454)	0.264 <b>[0.001]</b> (0.125, 0.404)	0.094 [0.255] (-0.054, 0.242)	0.519 <b>[0.000]</b> (0.380, 0.657)

Model was adjusted for the covariates including age, BMI, education, occupation, gestational age of sample collection during pregnancy (urine and nail samples) and baby delivery (cord blood sample)

The raw p-values were subjected to multiple testing corrections using FDR-adjusted p-value and the statistically significant are highlighted in bold

β represents standardized coefficient; 95% CI represents 95% confidence interval (CI)

Olive tail moment is the product of the tail length and the fraction of total DNA in the tail